

南通市启秀中学 2017~2018 学年度第一学期 单元练习

初一英语

二、单项选择 (本题共 15 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

- ( ) 21. --- What \_\_\_\_\_ big fish it is!  
--- So it is! And \_\_\_\_\_ fish is my favorite food.  
A. /; /                      B. a; the                      C. /; the                      D. a; /
- ( ) 22. \_\_\_\_\_ you a happy New Year, boys and girls! I \_\_\_\_\_ you can have fun.  
A. Hope; wish              B. Hope; hope              C. Wish; wish              D. Wish; hope
- ( ) 23. --- Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ tea? --- Yes, and \_\_\_\_\_ milk, too, please.  
A. some; some              B. any; some              C. any; any                      D. some; any
- ( ) 24. He likes eating \_\_\_\_\_ sweet food very much, so he becomes \_\_\_\_\_ fat now.  
A. too much; too much              B. too much; much too  
C. much too; much too              D. much too; too much
- ( ) 25. --- I sometimes don't have enough time \_\_\_\_\_ with my parents.  
--- You should spend more time \_\_\_\_\_ with them at home.  
A. to chat; to stay              B. to chat; staying  
C. chatting; to stay              D. chatting; staying
- ( ) 26. What a nice birthday cake! \_\_\_\_\_ do you buy the cake for?  
A. Where                      B. Who                      C. What                      D. Why
- ( ) 27. --- \_\_\_\_\_ do you take \_\_\_\_\_? --- Every day. And I am very healthy.  
A. How often; exercise              B. How long; exercises  
C. How much; exercise              D. How many; exercises
- ( ) 28. Can You help me \_\_\_\_\_ the leaving time of the train?  
A. look for              B. look out              C. find out              D. look after
- ( ) 29. --- What do you think of your English teacher?  
--- Oh, wonderful. He can make his class \_\_\_\_\_ so he always makes his students \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. interesting; laughing              B. interested; laugh  
C. interesting; laugh              D. interested; laughing
- ( ) 30. --- Do you need to buy some vegetables? --- Yes. Let's go and buy some \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. potato and carrots              B. cakes and apples  
C. Tomatoes and carrots              D. noodles and beans
- ( ) 31. At supper, my son sometimes has rice \_\_\_\_\_ vegetables and beef \_\_\_\_\_ supper.  
A. in; at              B. with; to              C. with; for              D. for; with
- ( ) 32. The man \_\_\_\_\_ a blue shirt is \_\_\_\_\_ now.  
A. with; 25-year-old              B. with; 25 years old  
C. in; 25 years old              D. wearing; 25-year-old
- ( ) 33. The boy doesn't like \_\_\_\_\_ red sweaters. He is \_\_\_\_\_ a blue one now.  
A. wearing; putting on              B. putting on; wearing  
C. put on; wearing              D. wear; putting on
- ( ) 34. --- Both of them \_\_\_\_\_ very happy.  
--- Yes. They have a picnic in the park with their friends. Everybody has fun there.  
A. looks              B. seem              C. is              D. feels
- ( ) 35. --- Come on, Jim. It's time to play football. --- \_\_\_\_\_. I am putting on my sports shoes.  
A. I can't play football.              B. No, I have no time.              C. Not at all.              D. Just a minute

### 三、完形填空 (本题共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

It is Saturday. Mrs. White is writing a letter to her husband and at the same time, her two-year-old son Sam is 36 in the room. Suddenly the telephone rings and she hurries to 37 it. It is Mrs. Shute, one of her friends. They talk about 38 important news and it 39 them nearly twenty minutes.

When she comes back to her room, she finds 40 was wrong with her son.

“ 41 is wrong with you, dear?” the woman calls out (大喊). But the little boy 42 tell her anything, pointing to (指向) his mouth. At that time she finds her pen is 43. She doesn't know 44 to do. After that she runs to the 45.

“Hello, ” Mrs. White says, crying. “May I speak to Mr. King?”

“Sorry, Madam, ” says a girl. “He is 46.”

“Who is that speaking, please?” “It is Susan here, madam .”

Mrs. White knows it is a new assistant (助理) of the doctor's. She has 47 knowledge of medicine(医药知识). Of course she can't help her.

“My son swallowed (吞) a pen, ” says the woman, “I need his 48 now. When will he be back?”

“I am 49 about that, madam, ” says the girl. “ 50 will be back in two or three hours. You have to use a pencil now, I think.”

- ( )36. A. sleeping      B. writing      C. cooking      D. playing  
( )37. A. answer      B. answer to      C. tell      D. tell to  
( )38. A. a      B. the      C. an      D. some  
( )39. A. use      B. takes      C. spend      D. bring  
( )40. A. nothing      B. everything      C. something      D. anything  
( )41. A. What      B. How      C. When      D. Where  
( )42. A. can      B. can't      C. will      D. won't  
( )43. A. going      B. leaving      C. missing      D. using  
( )44. A. when      B. that      C. what      D. where  
( )45. A. hospital      B. school      C. telephone      D. television  
( )46. A. out      B. sleeping      C. busy      D. at work  
( )47. A. few      B. a few      C. little      D. a little  
( )48. A. use      B. watch      C. talk      D. help  
( )49. A. glad      B. sorry      C. happy      D. sad  
( )50. A. He      B. She      C. You      D. I

### 四、阅读理解 (本题共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

#### A

#### Have fun on your holidays!

##### Easy trip with Maths

Wednesday (2 hours)

Teachers from Cliff High School.

Good teachers help you think different.

Learn to do your Maths exercises quickly.

##### Tennis Club

The Tennis Club wants new members!

Top players help you.  
Every Wednesday and Friday afternoon.  
We practise for two hours every time.  
Go to your PE teacher if you want to join.  
Buy tennis shoes if you want to be with us.

- ( ) 51. What can “**Easy trip with Maths**” do for students?  
A. To help them make friends.      B. To make them think different.  
C. To teach them to speak in class. D.To tell them about interesting numbers.
- ( ) 52. Students should buy \_\_\_\_\_ to join the Tennis Club.  
A. tennis shirts.                      B. tennis racket (球拍).  
C. tennis shoes.                        D. tennis balls.
- ( ) 53. Students in the Tennis Club play tennis for \_\_\_\_\_ a week.  
A. one hour                              B. two hours  
C. three hours                            D. four hours

**B**

In China, there are many different kinds of food. Some of them are very popular. The real Chinese food is dumplings. Now let's talk about them, OK?

Everyone in China likes dumplings very much, and there are many different kinds of dumplings. Some have meat and vegetables in them, others have sugar, eggs and so on. I like dumplings with vegetables and pork better than any other kind.

Usually people make dumplings at home. If you have no time to make them, you can buy them from any supermarket. Then you take them home and eat them with **vinegar**.

The Spring Festival is very important in China. When it comes, we make dumplings, usually we put a coin(硬币) in a dumpling. If one eats the dumpling with the coin in it, he or she will be lucky in the year.

In the old days, people couldn't often eat dumplings, because they were very poor. Now our country is becoming stronger and stronger, and our people are richer and richer. We can eat them very often.

Now tell me, do you like dumplings?

Welcome to China, and we'll invite you to eat the real Chinese food ---dumplings.

- ( ) 54. You can buy dumplings from the supermarket when .  
A. you have time    B. you are tired    C. you are busy    D. you are happy
- ( ) 55. The word "**vinegar**" in the passage means in Chinese.  
A. 糖    B. 醋    C. 辣椒    D. 酱油
- ( ) 56. Which of the following is **NOT** true?  
A. If someone eats the dumpling with the coin in it, he or she will be lucky in the year.  
B. In the old days, people could only eat dumplings because they were poor.  
C. Now people are rich and they often eat dumplings.  
D. The Chinese like dumplings very much.
- ( ) 57.What' s the title (题目) of the passage (短文) ?  
A. A coin in a dumpling              B. The Spring Festival  
C. Food and Lifestyle                D. The Real Chinese Food

## C

Halloween is a holiday full of tricks and treats. You can get candy and have fun. But you may also be frightened (受惊吓的). Don't shout. It can be good for you.

When you are frightened, there will be some healthy things in your brain (大脑). They make you happy and excited.

When you are frightened, you like to be close to people around. You tell them your stories, and they tell you how they are feeling. If you go to a "ghost" house with your classmates, you can be good friends when you go out.

Being frightened can help you become strong and confident (自信的). When you meet some difficult things, you are not worried about or afraid of them. You know you can deal with them.

Being frightened may be good for you. But don't frighten your little brothers or sisters. It's not good for them.

( ) 58. The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. what people do on Halloween
- B. what people do when they are frightened
- C. why people get frightened
- D. why being frightened is good for us

( ) 59. If Ben is in a "ghost" house, he likes to probably (可能) \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. find a way out
- B. play with his little brothers in it
- C. worry about his friends
- D. talk with people around him

( ) 60. What does the underlined phrase "deal with" mean in Chinese?

- A. 忘记
- B. 解决
- C. 删除
- D. 发现

( ) 61. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. It's not good to shout when we're frightened.
- B. Never go to a "ghost" house with our classmates.
- C. Being confident helps us out of difficult things.
- D. Being frightened is good for everyone.

## D

Do you know an exciting computer game that is also educational (有教育意义的)? Malmo Software has four new games that will surprise you.

**Space Pirate** lets you go through the Galaxy (银河系) on your own starship. You will find interesting stars and learn Science along the way.

In **Crazy Cooking**, you can choose (选择) meal and vegetables, cook them in your video kitchen and ask your friends to eat with you. At the same time, you will learn Maths by working with lots of numbers and measurements (数量).

**Time Machine** lets you go back to any time in history to see what it was like. You can find out almost all things you want to know. You can meet George Washington or study a map with Columbus.

**Word Search** takes you on a trip through the English language---where it began, who started it, and why something is different now. On your trip, you will learn new words and spellings.

Each of these new games comes on CD-ROM and costs only \$15.95. Or you can get all four games for only \$50. There are the best new games! They will give you lots of fun, and you'll learn many things from them. So don't wait! Go to the shop now!

- ( ) 62. According to the passage, what can you learn by playing Crazy Cooking?  
 A. Science      B. English      C. Geography      D. Maths
- ( ) 63. If Jim is interested in History, which of the following games may he be interested in?  
 A. Space Pirate      B. Time Machine  
 C. Word Search      D. Crazy Cooking
- ( ) 64. How much do you need to pay if you want to buy two games?  
 A. \$50      B. \$25      C. \$15.59      D. \$31.9
- ( ) 65. The writer writes this passage to \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. give information about computer games  
 B. tell readers how CD-ROM games work  
 C. ask readers to buy computer games  
 D. help readers play computer games
- ( ) 66. The passage is probably from a \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. newspaper      B. dictionary      C. storybook      D. diary

### E

FreeRice is an interesting game. Remember to play it when you are free. It can help the hungry around the world.

#### **How to play?**

In the middle of the FreeRice home page you will see something like:

small means: little old big yellow

Click on one of the four words that is correct in your mind. If you get it right, FreeRice will donate (捐赠) 10 grains of rice to help the hungry. You will then get a chance to answer another question in the same way.

#### **How does playing the FreeRice help you?**

Learning new words is useful. It can help you:

- ☆ Speak persuasively (口才好地)
- ☆ Write better papers, emails and business letters
- ☆ Read faster because you understand better
- ☆ Get better grades in a middle school, a high school and a college
- ☆ Perform better at job interviews and meeting

#### **How does the FreeRice vocabulary (词汇) program work?**

FreeRice can adjust to your level of vocabulary. It starts by giving you words at different levels of difficulty.

If you get one question wrong, you will go to an easier level. When you get three questions in a row right, you can go to a harder level.

There are 60 levels of vocabulary with over 12,000 words in all, but it is difficult for people to get above level

50. ( ) 67. If you play the game, you can do many things EXCEPT (除...之外) \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. do better in daily English      B. understand passages better  
 C. get better grades at school      D. get some rice
- ( ) 68. What does the underlined phrase “**adjust to**” mean in Chinese?  
 A. 加强      B. 固定      C. 调节      D. 减弱
- ( ) 69. We know that \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. the hungry will get grains of rice if you get five words right

- B. you will be better at your English if you play the game  
 C. the game starts by giving you an easy sentence  
 D. common (普通) people can get above level 50 in the game

( ) 70. What's the best title for the passage?

- A. FreeRice—an interesting game  
 B. How to learn English  
 C. How to get good grades at school  
 D. FreeRice helps the hungry

## II 卷 (60 分)

### 五、词汇 (本题共 15 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

A. 请根据括号中的中文提示、英文释义或句意, 写出句中所缺单词, 使句子通顺。

71. Can you tell us the \_\_\_\_\_ (总的) population (人口) of China, Mr Wang?  
 72. My best friend Millie isn't very healthy because she seldom \_\_\_\_\_ (do sports) .  
 73. Daniel is in Class 12 and Simon is in Class 21. They're in \_\_\_\_\_ classes.  
 74. My father tells me that the Spring Festival of 2018 is on \_\_\_\_\_ 16 (the second month of a year) .  
 75. There are only two \_\_\_\_\_ (盒) of milk in the fridge. We should go and buy some today.

B. 请根据句意从方框中选择合适的单词, 并用其适当形式填空, 使句子通顺。

Play	health	one	plan	half
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76. We're thinking about \_\_\_\_\_ to go on a picnic in the park this weekend.  
 77. Can I borrow a knife from you? I want to cut the apple into \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 78. The clothes on the desk are those \_\_\_\_\_ in our class.  
 79. It'll be our \_\_\_\_\_ time to go to Japan next month. How excited we feel!  
 80. Having \_\_\_\_\_ food is very bad for us students. We'd better eat less.

C. 请根据句意从方框中选择合适的动词, 并用其适当时态填空, 使句子通顺。

Make	not be	taste	chat	not like
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81. The food with a little sugar \_\_\_\_\_ very nice. I like it.  
 82. Her mother loves sweet snacks very much, but she \_\_\_\_\_ doing sports, and so she looks fat.  
 83. Eating more vegetables and fruit \_\_\_\_\_ us strong.  
 84. Kitty, \_\_\_\_\_ late for class again next time, will you?  
 85. Look! Some of my classmates are having fun \_\_\_\_\_ with each other in the playground.

### 六、句型转换 (本题共 5 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

请根据要求改写下列句子, 每空一词。

86. There're only two packets of salt in the kitchen. (划线提问)

How \_\_\_\_\_ salt \_\_\_\_\_ there in the kitchen?

87. Kitty dances for half an hour every evening to keep fit. (划线提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ Kitty dance for half an hour every evening?

88. My sister likes the blue and long dress very much. (划线提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ dress \_\_\_\_\_ your sister like very much?

89. We each usually do about one and a half hours of homework every evening. (同义词转换)

Each of us usually homework \_\_\_\_\_ one \_\_\_\_\_ and a half hours every evening.

90. You can't watch too much TV. It's bad for your eyes. (改祈使句)

\_\_\_\_\_ too much TV. It's bad for your eyes.

七、短文填空 (本题共 10 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 并根据各题给的首字母提示, 写出一个合适的英语单词完整、正确的形式, 使短文通顺。

Cola and fried chicken always look yummy. But they're not a91 good for health. Doctors and scientists are now giving children advice on snacks. They say they give you e92 but they may still leave you hungry.

And if you often eat too m93 snacks, it is bad for your health.

A94 you a smart eater?

There are three main k95 of snacks. Look at the following list and find out how to eat snacks if you want to k96 healthy.

You can eat these every day: eggs, bananas, apples, pears, tomatoes, potatoes and milk. These foods have l97 fat or sugar, and they are good for you.

You can eat these a few t98 a week: black chocolate, cupcakes, cheese. These foods have some fat and sugar. So it's not good to eat t99 too much.

You should eat very little of these: candy, fried chicken, potato chips, cola, and ice cream. You can j100 eat a little every week.

91. \_\_\_\_\_ 92. \_\_\_\_\_ 93. \_\_\_\_\_ 94. \_\_\_\_\_ 95. \_\_\_\_\_

96. \_\_\_\_\_ 97. \_\_\_\_\_ 98. \_\_\_\_\_ 99. \_\_\_\_\_ 100. \_\_\_\_\_

八、阅读与回答问题 (本题共 5 小题: 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

请认真阅读下面短文, 并根据短文内容回答问题。

In China, most students go to school by bike or by bus. If the school is not far, they usually walk to school every day. Few students are late for class. But things are different in other countries.

In western countries, students live far from their school and they have different ways to get to school.

Many students go to school by car. If there is an underground system (系统) in the city, they can go by underground (地铁). In some countries, there are double-deckers. The double-decker has two floors and it can carry more people. So some students can take a double-decker to school. Scooters (踏板车) are popular with students in some Western countries. It makes your trip more interesting and exciting. In some cold countries, such as Finland and Iceland, it often snows. The students in towns may take a school bus, but the students in villages far from the school have to go by sledge (雪橇) because there is snow everywhere. It takes a little longer.

Sometimes, the students may be late for school. If it snows heavily, the students have to teach themselves at home.

101. In China, if the students live near the school, how do they usually go to school every day?

\_\_\_\_\_

102. In some Western countries, which way to go to school is more interesting and exciting?

\_\_\_\_\_

103. Why do some students in Iceland go to school by sledge?

\_\_\_\_\_

104. In this passage, how many ways to go to school can we find?

105. What do you think is the best way to go to school in our city? Why?

九、书面表达（本题满分 30 分）

假如你是七年级 25 班的班长，寒假前，老师要求你在班上组织召开关于如何过好寒假的主题班会。请根据下表提供的要点，用英语写一篇短文，向同学们简述你通常在寒假中的学习和生活情况以及你对大家的希望。

学习	每天读书、坐两小时作业	
活动	帮父母做家务 (housework)	学会如何照料自己
	下午和朋友打排球	…… (原因自拟)
饮食	早餐鸡蛋、面包、牛奶	有助于我开始新的一天
	每天吃蔬菜水果	…… (原因自拟)
希望	合理安排时间 (plan the time well), 别总是玩电脑游戏或看电视	

注意：

- 1.表达中必须包含所给的要点，可以适当发挥，不要简单翻译。
- 2.词数 80 左右。开头已经给出，不计入总词数。
- 3.表达中请勿提及真实姓名。

Hello, everybody. Let me tell you something about my winter holidays.

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