

卡的相应位置。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 10 分)

A: Daddy, how far are we from the theater?

B: Let me see. ___ 41 ___

A: It will kill me, daddy.

B: No, it won't. It's a challenge. ___ 42 ___.

A: But daddy, I'm tired. Is there a bus here?

B: ___ 43 ___ But it will take more time.

A: Oh, my God. ___ 44 ___

B: Do you want to? A taxi will certainly take us there quickly. But walking isn't bad. It is a good chance to challenge yourself.

A: ___ 45 ___ Will we be late for it?

B: Don't worry about being late. We have plenty of time. Let's go!

41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

- A. Do you know when the play starts?
- B. I wonder why we don't take a taxi.
- C. Of course, there is one.
- D. We have to walk twenty more minutes.
- E. And I am sure you can prove yourself a real young man.

七、完形填空。通读下面两篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。(A 篇共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; B 篇共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分。计 20 分)

A

Every time we go into a museum, we are often told, "Don't touch that!". The Please Touch Museum in Philadelphia is just the opposite. Here we are encouraged to ___ 46 ___ everything.

My first visit to the museum was one year ago. I was excited to visit the museum as soon as mum told us its name. ___ 47 ___ told us that we could climb and jump, and touch everything in the museum.

This place is more like a ___ 48 ___ rather than a museum. It gives kids the chance to learn ___ 49 ___ play. I loved this place a lot and had to be pulled away by the arm when we were ready to leave.

Each exhibit is a hands-on experience. I actually enjoyed the very large water table and food store. I had ___ 50 ___ much fun that I didn't even realize I was learning.

- () 46. A. touch B. show C. bring
- () 47. A. He B. She C. They
- () 48. A. bookstore B. library C. playground
- () 49. A. through B. behind C. without
- () 50. A. nothing B. very C. so

B

Do you write your own blog (博客)? Do you often read others' blogs on the Internet?

All over the world, not only famous persons ___ 51 ___ many students use blogs as diaries and places to share their experience and ___ 52 ___ advice or help.

"I write my activities every day, ___ 53 ___ funny thing or worries in my life." says Lisa, a 16-year-old high school student at Cambridge High School in Washington. "I like putting pictures on my blog because it can make my blog more ___ 54 ___ and more people will like it, it's a ___ 55 ___ way to show my life to the world." She has had her blog for eight months.

Students like writing blogs ___ 56 ___ they can write anything they want to, but don't need to spend ___ 57 ___ money.

Once you start to write your blog, you will find that you ___ 58 ___ up a new world. But what you write down may trouble you ___ 59 ___. So, use the blog carefully so that you can keep ___ 60 ___ away from some trouble. The blog makes everybody's life colorful.

- () 51. A. and B. but C. or
- () 52. A. learn from B. deal with C. ask for
- () 53. A. without B. between C. including

- () 54. A. popularity B. fantastic C. better
- () 55. A. lively B. bad C. private
- () 56. A. unless B. because C. until
- () 57. A. some B. any C. much
- () 58. A. open B. look C. build
- () 59. A. sometimes B. always C. never
- () 60. A. them B. everyone C. yourself

第三部分阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 共计 30 分)

八、阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的涂“A”错误的涂“B”。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 10 分)

Why should students play sports? Some people think that students play sports in order to get exercise. Others think it can help students have fun. But that is not enough. If students play sports, they can get more than healthy bodies. Why? Here are three more reason.

Students who play sports do better in school. Some people think that doing exercise will take up students' study time. But a recent study has shown that students who play sports get better scores in school than those who don't. Exercise gets students to learn, remember things and concentrate (集中注意) better.

Students who play sports develop their teamwork spirits and learn problem-solving skills. When they are working together with others to win games and reach goals, they're learning how to be successful in practice. And these skills will be useful to them for study or their future work.

Playing sports can also improve confidence. Students who play sports feel better about themselves. When they know they can improve and reach their goals by practicing, it builds their confidence. And sports can also help them communicate with others actively and make new friends.

Now, how about going out to play sports with your friends every day?

- () 61. Students play sports only for getting exercise or having fun.
- () 62. Students who play sports can learn better than those who don't.
- () 63. Doing sports must help students win games and reach goals.
- () 64. Students can improve their confidence by playing sports.
- () 65. The writer thinks students should be allowed to play sports.

九、阅读下面两篇短文, 根据短文内容选择正确答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 20 分)

A

<p>LINCOLN SCHOOL BOOKERY PTA's monthly "pop up" book store</p>		
	<p>The purpose of bookery is to help students develop and keep a love of reading by giving them the chance to buy books for themselves, and allow them the fun of choosing books on their own.</p>	
	<p>\$.50 or Swap</p>	<p>Bring money or second-hand books from home to swap (交换) for another. * You can add money to your child's account (账户) by sending cash or by paying online: www.lincolnschoolevanston.ort/bookery/.</p>
<p>We are always looking for story books, science books and magazines. Drop off your second-hand children's books in the Bookery box located in the Forest Ave. Entrance. * No board books, please. DONATIONS (捐赠)</p>		

**** Bookery happens at school, during school hours, once a month on a Friday. Each classroom has 15 minutes to look around and shop. This great program is organized and run by all parent volunteers.**

For more information or to volunteer: lincolnbookery@gmail.com

Fridays: Sept.15, Oct.13, Dec.1, Jan.19, March 2, April 6, May 11, Jun 8

- () 66. The purpose of the bookery is to help students _____.
- A. buy books with their parents
B. borrow books on their own
C. develop and keep a love of reading
- () 67. What kind of books are not wanted for donations?
- A. Story books
B. Board books.
C. Magazines.
- () 68. When does the bookery happen?
- A. On Dec. 1.
B. On March 9.
C. On April 16.
- () 69. Who organize and run the program?
- A. Students.
B. Teachers.
C. Parents.
- () 70. According to the advertisement above _____.
- A. the children are allowed to choose their own books.
B. the website address [www. lincolnschoolevanston.ort /bookery/](http://www.lincolnschoolevanston.ort/bookery/) is for swapping books.
C. the students can buy or swap books every month

B

Can you remember the day when you spoke your first word? If you can, you are unusual. Try to imagine what first few months of your life were like. I am sure you just spent most of your time eating, sleeping and crying. As you grew older, you were awake more of the time, It took your parents more time to play with you and talk to you. You watched and listened curiously(好奇地). You began to know that people made certain sounds to go with certain things.

Then you began to try making the sounds you heard. And step by step, you were able to make the right sound for one thing. On that way you came to understand the secret of language: a certain sound means a certain thing. When a group of people use the same set of sound of things, they can understand each other. Then, and only then, these people have a language.

After you found the secret of language, you learned words. Some of the words meant things, such as books chairs and shoes. Some words meant doing things, such as go and swim. And other words described things, such as good and dirty. Soon you learned to put words together to express your idea such as "I want to go out and play with my friends."

This is language. By means of language, people can communicate. So we say languages are means of communication.

- () 71. _____ can remember the day when he spoke his first word.
- A. Child
B. Nobody
C. Everyone
- () 72. When you were a little baby, most of your time you _____.
- A. played with parents
B. learnt language
C. ate, slept and cried
- () 73. The underline word step by step in this passage means _____.
- A. suddenly
B. exactly
C. gradually
- () 74. You could learn words _____.
- A. after you knew what the language was
B. if you didn't know the secret of the languages
C. when you were a baby
- () 75. People use language _____.

- A. to get everything they want from others
C. to communicate ideas, opinions, news with others

B. to say what they want to know

B 卷 (共 50 分)

一、首字母填空。根据句意和首字母提示补全形式正确的单词。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 5 分) 注: 请在答题卡相应位置填写完整单词!

- The friendship between the classmates should be v_____.
- I went to bed after half past twelve last night, I'm feeling very s_____ now.
- The m_____ of this dress must be silk, it's very smooth and soft.
- You should finish the project with your p_____ help when you're in group work.
- It's difficult to pronounce live and leave well, because their pronunciation are n_____ the same.

二、完成对话。在对话的空格中填入适当的单词, 使对话完整正确。一空一词。(共 10 小遍, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

Neil: Hello and welcome to Amazing English. I'm Neil and joining me today is Dan who is ___1___ at Let's learn English -that his job.

Dan: Hi everyone...Yes that is my job, - why are we discussing that now, Neil?

Neil: Well you haven't always been a producer at Let's Learn English, have you?

Dan: No...I ___2___ to be a teacher.

Neil: And before that? Way back-your ___3___ ever job?

Dan: And, I had a paper round when I was 14. A paper round is a job - the job of handing out newspaper to people's homes. It's often ___4___ by teenagers.

Neil: What is the youngest age ___5___ children are allowed to work at in the UK?

Dan: Age 13.

Neil: OK. Can you say something about Saturday jobs.

Dan: A Saturday b is the name of part-time work that teenagers do for extra money. These jobs often take ___6___ on Saturdays. Sometimes,the work might be on Sundays or any day of the week, in fact! And a Saturday job is seen almost ___7___ an important event in the UK.

Neil: That's right - like graduating (毕业) from school, or having children. But according to the latest report, it seems that ___8___ teenagers are taking Saturday jobs.

Dan: Yes, bosses think young people don't have work experience. Besides, teenagers are ___9___ pressure not to take part time jobs and to pay attention to their studies. Some people think working could be ___10___ to a schoolchild's study progress.

Neil: Thank you for telling us so much!

Dan: My pleasure!

- | | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 2. _____ | 3. _____ | 4. _____ | 5. _____ |
| 6. _____ | 7. _____ | 8. _____ | 9. _____ | 10. _____ |

三、短文填空从下面方框中选出 10 个词, 用它们的适当形式填入短文空格内, 使短文意思正确、通顺 (每词限用一次)。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

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The idea that red means stop and green means do has influenced our lives in more ways than just traffic signals (信号) . We have been ___1___ from a young age the the color red means danger and green means it's okay to move forward. But why were those colors chosen for traffic lights in the first place? For something we have to look at every day, why couldn't they have been ___2___ colors?

Well, it's import to know that before traffic lights for cars, there were traffic signals for trains.At first, railway

companies used red to mean stop, white to mean go, and green to mean ___3___. As you could imagine, trains ran into a few problems ___4___ white meaning go. For example, one train mistook a white bright star for a white light and something ___5___ happened. Because of that, railway companies ___6___ moved green meaning go and used yellow to mean warn. And it's been that way ever since.

Red has always been a color that mean danger, long before cars were even around. This most likely started because it's the color with the ___7___ wavelength(波长) so it can be seen somewhere farther than other colors.

But, believe it or not, yellow was once used ___8___ stop. Back in the 1900s, some stop signs were yellow because it was too hard to see a red sign in a poorly lit area. Finally, highly reflective things (高反射物) were developed and red stop signs were born. Since yellow can be seen well at all ___10___ of a day, school zones, some traffic signs, and school buses continue to be printed yellow.

So next time you are impatiently ___10___ at traffic light, don't get so mad at them, they've certainly come a long way.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

四、阅读表达。(A、B 两篇文章共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，计 10 分)

A) 补全短文。根据短文内容，从短文后的 A~F 选项中选出适当的选项补全短文。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分)

Everyone around the world celebrates the New Year differently and at different times.” 1. _____. But they may also notice New Year traditions from other religions(宗教) or cultures.

For example, many Asian cultures celebrate the Lunar New Year. This date changes from year to year. The date of the Islamic (伊斯兰) New Year also changes from year to year. And in India, each religious group has its own date for the beginning of the year. 2. _____.

No matter when you celebrate the New Year, it usually involves thinking about the past year and planning for the year ahead.

3. _____. But why are bells connected with the calendar change?

In the Christian and Buddhist religions (基督教和佛教), bells are often connected with the New Year. The website CatholicCulture.org explains that "bells serve as a beautiful symbol introducing a new year to be spent together as a community of families..."

4. _____. "As midnight comes, Buddhist temples around the country begin ringing out the old year, sounding the temple bell 108 times." Each ring of the bell stands for each of the earthly wishes a Buddhist must try to overcome -- all 108 of them!

Even those who aren't religious but are a little superstitious (迷信的), may ring bells at the stroke of midnight on New Year's Eve to scare off bad luck.

5. _____.

The English poet Alfred Lord Tennyson (1809-1892) made the phrase popular with his poem "In Memoriam [Ring Out, Wild Bells]." In this poem, Tennyson rings out, or says goodbye to, the bad, and he rings in, or says hello, to the good.

- A. Another website describes how bells are used in Japan on New Year's Eve.
- B. People have many different ways of ringing out the old and ringing in the new.
- C. Most people in the U.S.celebrate it on January1.
- D. For the New Year,what do you plan to ring in?
- E. For example, the Hindu New Year comes in April or May.
- F. These age-old traditions have given us the phrase"to ring out the old and ring in the new."

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

B) 完成表格。阅读下面短文，根据其内容，完成表格中所缺的信息。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，计 5 分)

Nobody likes making mistakes. But, no one is perfect. If you can learn from mistakes correctly, they can move you forward.

If you have made mistakes that ham other people, it is important to offer a true apology (道歉) in person. A good apology will probably make the other person forgive (原谅) you. If you refuse to apologize, the other person will hold it against you.

If you go through life afraid to make a mistake, you will spend most of your life doing nothing. There is no harm in making mistakes; it is a part of going forward. The more duties you take, the more mistakes you will possibly make.

Unluckily, it is natural to justify (为.....辩解) our actions. When you make a mistake, you will first blame someone else. When mistakes are made, the boss won't be interested in justifications. Sometimes it is best to say, very simply--yes, I made a mistake.

Mistakes happen for different reasons. To avoid repeating them, you need to understand the main reason. For example, you may have made a mistake by saying some unkind words. If you make mistakes because you are tired, try to get more sleep; if you are stressed, look at ways to relax and keep away from the stress of work.

You should avoid feeling sad about making mistakes, but at the same time, you should make a decision to learn from them. If you repeat the same mistakes, it shows you aren't making progress. Often mistake are caused by bad habits. To avoid making the same mistakes you need to break these bad habits. The sooner, the better.

The correct ___ 6 ___ to learn from mistakes	
Advice	Situations
Say sorry truly.	The person who ___ 7 ___ by you will forgive you.
Don't be afraid to make mistakes.	A man man who make no mistakes usually does not make anything
Don't spend time justifying to ___ 8 ___ you're right	When a mistake is made, you'd better apologize rather than blame it on someone else.
Understanding ___ 9 ___ the mistake happened	You may make different kinds of mistakes. Find the right reasons and try to avoid the same mistake.
Avoid making the same mistakes.	Break your bad habits ___ 10 ___ soon ___ 10 ___.

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

五、书面表达 (计 15 分)

假如你是李华, 你的笔友 Robert 将到你家作客, 体验中国生活。请根据提示, 给 Robert 写封建议信。

提示: 餐桌礼仪 (至少两项); 家规 (至少两项); 外出交往等

注意: 1. 信文须包括提示所有要点。

2. 可根据要点适当增加, 使行文连贯。

3. 书写规范, 卷面整洁。

4. 词数 100 词。文章开头结尾已给出, 不计在词数内。

Dear Robert

You must be excited about coming to China soon. _____

Best wishes,
Li Hua