

2017—2018 学年度初三第二次限时检测

英 语

考试时间:2017 年 11 月 14 日 10:10—12:10

注意事项:

1. 答题前,请考生先将自己的姓名、准考证号填写清楚,并认真核对条形码上的姓名、准考证号、考场和座位号;
  2. 必须在答题卡上答题,在草稿纸、试题卷上答题无效;
  3. 答题时,请考生注意各大题题号后面的答题提示;
  4. 请勿折叠答题卡,保持字体工整、笔迹清晰、卡面清洁;
  5. 答题卡上不得使用涂改液、涂改胶和贴纸;
  6. 本学科试卷中听力材料以中速朗读两遍。
- 试卷分四个部分,共 10 页,76 小题,时量 120 分钟,满分 120 分。

I . 听力技能(两部分,共 20 小题,计 20 分)

第一节 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题。听每段对话前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。(共 5 小题,计 5 分)

- ( ) 1. Where is the museum?  
A. On Main Street.      B. On Right Street.      C. On Thomas Street.
- ( ) 2. Who is an inventor?  
A. Alice.      B. Karl.      C. Ray Morgan.
- ( ) 3. What did Tom do on vacation?  
A. He went to a summer camp.  
B. He went to the beach.  
C. He went to the movies.
- ( ) 4. How did Peter improve his English?  
A. By listening to the dialogues in English movies.  
B. By listening to the tapes of English books.  
C. By listening to the teacher carefully.
- ( ) 5. What did Jack use to be like?  
A. He used to be fat and have short hair.  
B. He used to be thin and have long hair.  
C. He used to be fat and have long hair.

第二节 听下面 6 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有 2—3 个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项回答问题。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。(共 15 小题,计 15 分)

听第六段对话,回答第 6、7 小题。

- ( ) 6. What lesson will they have at eight on Saturday?  
A. Chinese.      B. History.      C. Math.

( ) 7. What time will they have the training class?

A. At 8:00 a. m.

B. At 8:40 a. m.

C. At 4:00 p. m.

听第七段对话,回答第 8、9 小题。

( ) 8. What's the possible relationship between the two speakers?

A. Brother and sister.

B. Mother and son.

C. Teacher and student.

( ) 9. What will the boy probably do?

A. He will get out.

B. He will ask Mrs. Lin for help.

C. He will have a rest.

听第八段对话,回答第 10、11 小题。

( ) 10. Who is a big fan of movies?

A. Robert.

B. Robert's father.

C. Robert's mother.

( ) 11. When are they going to watch the movie?

A. Friday, July 4th.

B. Saturday, July 18th.

C. Saturday, July 10th.

听第九段对话,回答第 12 至 14 小题。

( ) 12. What are the two speakers talking about?

A. Their business plans.

B. Their travel plans.

C. Their weekend plans.

( ) 13. What will the man probably do on Saturday morning?

A. Go shopping.

B. Stay at home.

C. Go to the museum.

( ) 14. Who is coming to see the woman on the weekend?

A. Her sister.

B. Her cousin.

C. Her grandfather.

听第十段对话,回答第 15 至 17 小题。

( ) 15. What kind of music does the man write?

A. Country music.

B. Pop music.

C. Folk music.

( ) 16. Where did they give concerts?

A. In theaters.

B. In parks.

C. In schools.

( ) 17. How long has he played the piano?

A. Five years.

B. Ten years.

C. Fifteen years.

听下面的独白,回答第 18 至 20 小题。

( ) 18. Which program do students like best?

A. The weather report.

B. The sports news.

C. The popular songs.

( ) 19. How often does the radio station play?

A. Once a day.

B. Twice a day.

C. Three times a day.

( ) 20. What can the students do through the school radio?

A. Give their best wishes to their friends and teachers.

B. Talk to Team Talk if they have problems.

C. Sing some songs and have exams.

第一节 语法填空 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案填空。(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

C. \

### C. What a

C. \; of

C. will give

C. has

C. should be paid

C. used to be

C. because

C. usually

C. whose child she was looking for

长郡教育集团初中课程中心 2017—2018 学年度初三第二次限时检测英语第 3 页(共 10 页)

At school, we were 33 to wear a white shirt with the school's sign on its left pocket that could be bought in the school shops. And at the top of this pocket should be worn a name tag(标签). This tag was sold at the school 34, too. To 35 added cost, Mom decided to make the tag herself by hand.

"This would do, and you can have a try." she said. "OK, Mom." I was not ready to wear it. I thought it was different. At school, boys looked at my tag and some 36 it. "Your helper sure did an ugly job." And another added, "How strange it is! At least it caught our 37." I knew it. At first, I tried to cover it and forgot it. But at last I understood that it didn't matter if I was different from others who wore the machine-made tags.

I realized it should not stop me from doing my best 38 we have differences in the culture or economic(经济) situation. What is true is that Mom 39 much time making it possible to give the best for me. I should be 40 of it. And I did. I wore this Mom-made tag for the rest of the school year.

- ( )31. A. hardly                      B. clearly                      C. badly  
 ( )32. A. difficult                      B. fascinating                      C. helpful  
 ( )33. A. trained                      B. warned                      C. required  
 ( )34. A. playground                      B. shops                      C. library  
 ( )35. A. cut                      B. increase                      C. divide  
 ( )36. A. made use of                      B. made friends with                      C. made fun of  
 ( )37. A. attention                      B. influence                      C. expression  
 ( )38. A. even though                      B. so that                      C. as if  
 ( )39. A. spent                      B. cost                      C. took  
 ( )40. A. patient                      B. proud                      C. polite

### III. 阅读技能(三部分,共 25 小题,计 50 分)

第一节 图表理解 阅读下列图表,从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

#### A

The contents below are taken from the book Extra Reading for Middle Schools.

#### Contents

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Unit 13 Chinese food .....	76
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Module Task .....	100

- ( )41. If you want to learn about school in old times, which page will you turn to?  
A. Page 13. B. Page 44. C. Page 76.
- ( )42. Which sentence is NOT TRUE according to the contents of the book?  
A. Module Task in each module has 7 pages.  
B. One of the units talks about the holidays.  
C. There are four units and one module task in each module.

**B**

**The Folk Art Show**

The best chance to learn about local art and culture.

Open: October 20-25

Address: 110 Century Road

Telephone: 72314431

Scan the QR code(扫描二维码) to get more information and book tickets.

**The City Flower Show**

Open: October 8-17

Price: ¥50 for each adult; ¥25 for each child; free under the age of 10; 20% off for groups over 10.

Address: 112 New Town Road, Moonlight City

Telephone: 53418899

Visit [www.flowersforlife.com](http://www.flowersforlife.com) for more information.

**Camp of Folk Art**

Would you like to learn paper cutting, Huangmei opera?

Come to Camp of Folk Art 2017 at the Youth Center!

Age: 13 to 18

Time: December 13-20

For more information, call the Youth Center at (010) 1106-2107.

**Pop Music Week**

Bands from home and abroad will give performances in Sunshine Park. Local bands and DJs from local radio station are waiting to share music with fans.

Price: ¥30-¥50

Time: 9:00 a.m.-9:00 p.m., December 21-27

- ( )43. Tina will come to China on vacation on December 22nd. She can visit \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. The Folk Art Show  
B. Camp of Folk Art  
C. Pop Music Week
- ( )44. Tommy is a 7-year-old boy. He wants to visit the City Flower Show with his parents. How much will they pay?  
A. ¥100. B. ¥25. C. ¥125.
- ( )45. According to the chart, we know that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. we can enjoy the performances in Sunshine Park at 10:00 p.m.  
B. Jane who is 12 years is not allowed to go to Camp of Folk  
C. if you are interested in flowers, you can call 72314431

第二节 短文理解 阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。(共 15 小题,计 30 分)

## A

It's known that Chinese women in the past weren't given the right to receive a formal education. But this doesn't mean that they made no efforts to learn. One of the proofs is Nüshu—literally meaning “female script”(女性书法)—a written language that was used by women in Jiangyong county, Hunan province.

This script was only used by women. It was developed from written Chinese. Hundreds of years ago, Nüshu was taught at home by elderly women to girls. And during gatherings in villages, women would use it to write poems to express the emotions they were hiding from men. People often regard the characters as “symbols of some secret cults(邪教)”. But the fact is that many old poems written in Nüshu talked about the women’s difficulties in life and how they made it through hardships. The words were full of encouragement and positive energy.

After women got the right to attend school, Nūshu gradually lost its functionality(功能). But the spirit of Nūshu is still important and meaningful for our society in modern times. Zhao Liming, a professor at Tsinghua University, started a project to keep Nūshu alive because she was worried that this ancient culture will soon disappear. One of the project's recent achievements is an app designed by Talkmate, to teach Nūshu to more people. The app has been showed to people in September during the first Beijing International Language & Culture Expo. Zhao expects the app to present a true image of Nūshu to the public in order that more people will be interested in Nūshu.

- ( ) 46. The underline word “proofs” in paragraph one means “\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.  
A. 意义 B. 证据 C. 努力
- ( ) 47. Where was Nüshu used many years ago?  
A. In Jiangsu Province.  
B. In Hubei Province.  
C. In Jiangyong county.
- ( ) 48. Which of the following about Nüshu is TRUE?  
A. It was mainly used by elderly women hundreds of years ago.  
B. This kind of characters is a symbol of some secret cults.  
C. Women used it to talk about their difficulties and express the emotions.
- ( ) 49. How did Zhao Liming, a professor at Tsinghua University, feel about this disappearing culture?  
A. Anxious. B. Pleased. C. Surprised.
- ( ) 50. The purpose of this project is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to train more Nüshu teachers  
B. to expect more people to teach Nüshu  
C. to encourage more people to learn Nüshu and know more about it

# B

These people come from the poorest places of Kenya. They were beggars and workers on the farm. However, they are people with dreams and hopes. Thanks to Jamii Bora, thousands of them are realizing their dreams.

When Ingrid Munro worked in the UK she learned about the lives of the poor, so she always tried her best to help the poor. And in 1988, Munro and her Canadian husband had adopted(收养)a homeless boy. This boy had been run over by a bus and was unable to walk freely. Munro's learning about the hard lives of the poor increased when she adopted the boy's two brothers two years later.

In 1999 she decided to start a small club in Kenya. The members would be 50 women, beggars who had been kind to children. No one imagined it could become so successful that it would change into a bank called Jamii Bora Bank. Munro did not expect that it would turn out to be such a great success. Instead of employing(雇佣) experts, she has trained those women herself. And she employs ex-beggars, the ones who joined them in the very early days and have come out of poverty. She teaches these beggars how to do everything from the beginning. What makes this bank different from others is the way they treat the borrowers. They help these poor people educate their children, and help with housing. They even teach business skills so that people can live a better life.

- ( ) 51. According to the passage, "Jamii Bora" refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a lady named Ingrid Munro  
B. a small bank in Kenya  
C. a famous club in UK
- ( ) 52. Why did Munro and her husband adopt a boy in 1988?  
A. Because this boy was born disabled.  
B. Because Munro and her husband had adopted his brothers before.  
C. Because this boy was homeless.
- ( ) 53. Munro decided to set up a small club because she wanted to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. help more poor people in Kenya  
B. get to know more poor people  
C. make beggars become rich people
- ( ) 54. From the third paragraph, we know that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. this bank helped the poor solve the problem of housing  
B. munro thought her club must be very successful with the help of beggars  
C. some experts were employed to train these women beggars
- ( ) 55. What would be the best title for the passage?  
A. The poorest places of Kenya  
B. Munro and her husband  
C. From beggars to bankers

### C

How fit are your teeth? Are you lazy about brushing them? We brush our teeth every day but few people know how well we're brushing. Today, a French company has introduced an electric toothbrush, which can work wirelessly(无线地) with a smartphone. It's called the Kolibree toothbrush. It has different models, and will cost from \$ 99 to \$ 200. The US is the first target market.

Users download an app and connect via Bluetooth, and the Kolibree will record:  
1. the time you spent brushing teeth. 2. whether all areas of your mouth are reached.

3. whether you brush up and down instead of just side to side. Then it will send the information to a mobile phone via Bluetooth, telling you whether you have brushed in a proper way. The Kolibree records your progress and scores your brushing way to help you improve brushing habits. It's kind of like having a private dentist actually watch your brushing on a day-to-day basis.

The toothbrush can also talk to other apps on your phone, so developers could create a game controlled by your toothbrush. When you brush your teeth, you can score your points for beating the monsters in your teeth. That's really very interesting. The Kolibree toothbrush is created to be smart but also fun.

The Kolibree toothbrush was invented by Thomas Serval. He says the idea of inventing it came from his experience as a father. He would come home from work and ask his kids if they had brushed their teeth. They always answered "yes", but Thomas used to find their toothbrush heads dry. He decided that a kind of brush was needed to tell him how well they brushed their teeth.

Thomas says that one day, it'll be possible to use a brushing unit with a camera. The camera can even examine holes in your teeth while you brush.

- ( ) 56. The Kolibree toothbrush was invented by \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. a French company  
B. Thomas Serval  
C. Thomas Serval's father
- ( ) 57. How much is the Kolibree toothbrush?  
A. From \$ 99 to \$ 200.  
B. From \$ 90 to \$ 200.  
C. From \$ 20 to \$ 900.
- ( ) 58. What can the Kolibree toothbrush do?  
A. It can record how often you brush your teeth.  
B. It can tell you what time you should brush your teeth.  
C. It can score your brushing way.
- ( ) 59. What's the reason for inventing the Kolibree toothbrush?  
A. Its inventor was interested in toothbrushes.  
B. The toothbrush heads were too dry.  
C. Its inventor wanted to know whether the kids brushed their teeth.
- ( ) 60. What will the Kolibree toothbrush probably be like in the future?  
A. The Kolibree toothbrush will be able to talk to other apps.  
B. There will be a game controlled by the Kolibree toothbrush.  
C. A camera will be installed(安装) in the Kolibree toothbrush.

第三节 阅读表达 阅读下面的短文,然后根据短文内容回答问题。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

The Notting Hill Carnival(狂欢) is regarded as the largest street party in Europe. The Carnival, which takes place in the streets of the west London district, was made famous by the movie *Notting Hill* starring Julia Roberts and Hugh Crant.

This great festival began with the Black immigrants(移民) from the Caribbean, particularly from Trinidad, where the Carnival tradition is very strong. At that time,



they didn't have working opportunities and their housing conditions were poor. So people there created a festival to fight against racism(种族主义). When the Notting Hill Carnival first started, around 500 people attended the Caribbean festival. Today it attracts hundreds of thousands to London.

This holiday always falls on the last Sunday of August and ends on the following Monday. There are scores of massive "sound systems", many beautiful and big floats(游行彩车) and steel drum bands(钢鼓乐队). There are hundreds of stalls(货摊) along the streets of the area selling all kinds of food and drinks including Caribbean specialties(特产).

Notting Hill Carnival is completely free, but a certain amount of money is needed when you go to the parties and warm-ups at bars and clubs. It is really wonderful that so many people can come together for one weekend of eating, laughter and music—forgetting about life's troubles for 48 hours. The smiles and dancing are the spirits of the Carnival. It has become one of the symbols of Britain.

61. Where does this Carnival take place?

---

62. Why did people create this festival at first?

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63. How long does Notting Hill Carnival last every year?

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64. Do we have to pay if we go to the parties at clubs?

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65. What is the spirit of Notting Hill Carnival?

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#### IV. 写作技能(三部分, 共 11 小题, 计 30 分)

第一节 语篇翻译 阅读下面的短文, 将划线部分译成英文或中文。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Everyone has their own dreams. 66. They give us courage and warmth to help us deal with difficulties. Here are some ideas on how to realize our beautiful dreams. Never giving up is the key to making our dreams come true. We may fail from time to time, but we can learn from failure(失败), and try again until we achieve our goals. For that reason, 67. no matter what difficult problems we meet, we won't fail if we don't give up our hopes. Our life is like a long journey which is not all roses. It sometimes has wind and rain. We believe rainbows will appear after storms. We will realize our dreams at last if we do our best. Cooperation(合作) is also necessary. Everyone likes a person who is good at cooperating with others. 68. 大多数问题都不能由一个人解决. Each of us is like a small part of a machine. If one part isn't in order, the machine can't work well. If a person is far away from the society, 69. 对他来说很难对这个世界有更好的理解. Cooperation is becoming one of the most important ways for people. As a saying goes, "One tree doesn't make a forest." At the same time, we should learn to examine our abilities 70. because it helps us not only know more but also get a full

control of ourselves. Then we may be confident enough to face challenges. Follow the suggestions above, and our dreams are sure to come true.

66. \_\_\_\_\_  
67. \_\_\_\_\_  
68. \_\_\_\_\_  
69. \_\_\_\_\_  
70. \_\_\_\_\_

第二节 情景交际 通读下面的对话,根据上下文补全对话内容。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

A: Hey, Judy! Long time no see! 71. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: Pretty good! What are you doing these days?

A: I'm reading an English novel called *The Remains of the Day*. 72. \_\_\_\_\_?

B: No, I haven't. 73. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: It's written by Kazuo Ishiguro, who won this year's Nobel Prize in Literature.

B: A Japanese writer? But this book is English. 74. \_\_\_\_\_?

A: He practiced it by keeping writing in English since he went to Britain.

B: Did you borrow it from the school library?

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_. I didn't find it in the school library.

B: Well, I think it's really worth reading. I'll buy one.

第三节 书面表达(计 10 分)

76. 近年来,科技的进步正在逐步影响着人们的日常生活。2017 年 5 月,来自“一带一路”沿线的 20 国青年评选出了中国的“新四大发明”:高铁、支付宝、共享单车和网购。假如你是李华,你的朋友 Lisa 是英国的一名初中生,她对我们的“新四大发明”很感兴趣。请你给她写一封电子邮件,具体内容如下:

1. 介绍共享单车和网购的基本情况并谈谈你的看法和评价;
2. 邀请她下个月参加你校科技节,将展出学生制作的各类材质的小模型。

注意:1. 词数 80 词左右,开头与结尾已给出,不计入总词数;

2. 可适当增加细节,使行文流畅。

参考词汇:共享单车;shared bikes

Dear Lisa,

I'm glad to hear that you're so interested in our "Four New Inventions". \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Li Hua