

2018-2019 学年第一学期八年级英语教学质量检测（一）

一、听力（本题有 15 小题，每小题 2 分；共计 30 分）

第一节：听小对话，回答问题。

1. What does Jack want to do tonight?
A. Watch game shows. B. Go shopping. C. See a film.
2. What does the boy think of the school trip?
A. Boring. B. Tiring. C. Great.
3. What do you know about the boy?
A. He has junk food every day.
B. He drinks milk once a week.
C. He likes junk food.
4. How is Tina different from Tara?
A. Tara's hair is curlier. B. Tina's hair is longer. C. Tina's hair is curlier.
5. Where did the man go this summer vacation?
A. To London. B. To New York. C. To Boston.

第二节：听较长对话或独白，回答问题

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 至第 8 三个小题。

6. Where did Bob meet Anna's brother?
A. On his way to school. B. On his way home. C. On the playground.
7. Who is on the school basketball team?
A. Anna's brother. B. Anna. C. Bob.
8. What will they do after school?
A. Watch a movie. B. Go to a concert. C. Play basketball.

听下面一段对话，回答第 9 至第 11 三个小题。

9. Why does the woman not book（预定）the hotel?
A. She's staying with her friends.
B. She was busy with her work.
C. She can't find a hotel.
10. What is the man going to do in the vacation?

- A. Take piano lessons. B. Go to the beach. C. Give piano lessons.
11. What do you know about the man?
A. He's thinking about where to go.
B. He will go with the woman.
C. He thinks Diana is very lucky.
- 听下面一段独白，回答第 12 至 15 四个小题。
12. What does Steven like best?
A. Taking long walks. B. Climbing mountains. C. Enjoying fresh air.
13. Where is the duck tour?
A. In Washington. B. In New York. C. In Boston.
14. How do people feel when spending time with Steven?
A. Bored. B. Happy. C. Sad.
15. What else do we know about Steven?
A. He sings to make people laugh.
B. He likes to trying new things.
C. He loves swimming with his friends.

二、阅读理解（本题有 20 小题，每小题 2 分；共计 40 分）

第一节：阅读下面短文，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

A

Tree Climbing Course

- The students in the USA started to take tree climbing courses in the 1980s. Now over 1,000 schools offer tree climbing courses to students in the USA.
- Xiamen University was the first school in China to teach students to climb trees in 2012.
- Suzhou No. 1 Junior High School also offers a tree climbing course to students.

Swimming Course

- Starting from 2017, the new students in Tsinghua University need to take a swimming test at the beginning of their university life.
- All primary and middle schools in Hainan will set up swimming courses in 2019. This year the government is busy building swimming pools for schools—at least one for each town, hoping that every student will be able to swim before they leave school from 2020 on.

16. All primary and middle schools in Hainan will start swimming courses in _____.
A. 2017 B. 2018 C. 2019 D. 2020
17. According to the passage, which of the following is True?
A. China started tree climbing courses earlier than the USA.

- B. Hainan will build at least one swimming pool for each town.
 - C. Students in Suzhou need to take a swimming test.
 - D. Tsinghua University started the tree climbing course first in China.
18. The passage is mainly about _____ .
- A. climbing trees
 - B. building swimming pools
 - C. setting up new courses
 - D. taking a swimming test

B

On the fourth Thursday in April, there is a holiday in the US called Take Our Daughters and Sons to Work Day. Parents can take their children to work for one day. This allows children to learn about what their parents do at work and understand why work is important, according to ABC News.

This year, on April 26, US President Donald Trump welcomed several children to the White House. They were the children of journalists (记者) and workers at the White House.

The kids visited the Oval Office. The president does most of his work there. After that, they took photos with President Trump. There was also a mock press briefing (模拟新闻发布会). Kids could ask the White House press secretary (新闻发言人) some questions. They asked about Trump's favorite animal and whether or not he likes candy.

"Honestly, the children ask me better questions," Trump joked to the kids' parents.

19. What can children in the US do on the fourth Thursday in April?
- A. They can give gifts to their teachers.
 - B. They can give thanks to their parents.
 - C. They can visit their parents' workplace.
 - D. They can bring their parents to school.
20. Who did US President Donald Trump welcome on April 26?
- A. Journalists.
 - B. Workers at the White House.
 - C. Students from a public school.
 - D. The children of journalists and workers at the White House.
21. The kids did all of the following at the Oval Office EXCEPT (除了) that _____ .
- A. they took photos with President Trump
 - B. they took part in a mock press briefing
 - C. they worked as White House press secretaries
 - D. they asked about Trump's favorite animal
22. What did Trump think of the kids' questions?
- A. They were silly.
 - B. They were good.
 - C. They were more like jokes than questions.
 - D. They were difficult to answer.

C

You must have seen it a lot in Chinese cities: people riding electric scooters (电动滑板车) to work or for fun.

Riding electric scooters could seem cool at first sight. The scooter balances by itself with one or two wheels (轮子). Some of them also have a handle (手柄). Riders lean forward to make the scooter go faster. It also can stop if the rider shifts their weight backwards.

However, starting from the end of August, people can no longer ride electric scooters on public roads. It is in the interests of traffic safety, according to Beijing's traffic authorities (官方). There will be a 10 yuan fine (罚款) for those who ride scooters on the road. This follows Shanghai's decision to get scooters off the road last month.

“The one-wheeled scooters can go as fast as 30km an hour and they don’t have brakes (刹车系统),” a traffic policeman told Beijing Youth Daily. “Two-wheeled scooters can even go as fast as cars at 60km an hour. But their brakes cannot compete with that of a car. It’s very easy for scooters to run into cars or buses or hurt people on roads.”

But this doesn't mean that scooters are only dangerous on public roads. People who ride them indoors or in their living places should also be careful, according to the Beijing Consumer Association.

There are still no national safety standards for electric scooters and some of them are very dangerous.

The association tested more than 20 electric scooters from different companies and found that most had safety problems. Nineteen scooters couldn't come to a full stop in less than 4 meters. This could be very dangerous.

23. How can riders stop the scooters while driving them?
 - A. They use the handle to stop.
 - B. They put more weight forward.
 - C. They shift their body weight backwards.
 - D. They use brakes to stop.
24. Why can't the scooters go on the road in Beijing?
 - A. Because the authorities are not interested in scooters.
 - B. Because scooters may bring traffic problems.
 - C. Because people in Beijing are not used to driving scooters.
 - D. Because the authorities want to compete with Shanghai's decision.
25. Which of the following is TRUE about scooters?
 - A. There can be either one wheel or two on scooters.
 - B. The one-wheeled scooters can even go faster than cars.
 - C. The two-wheeled scooters have the same brakes as cars.
 - D. Scooters are not dangerous if people use them indoors.
26. What's the result of the Association's test?
 - A. Scooter companies wouldn't follow the national safety standards.
 - B. Most companies that make scooters have safety problems.
 - C. Scooters can't come to a complete stop by themselves.
 - D. About 95 percent of scooters have problems stopping.

D

An important question about eating out is who pays for the meal. If a friend of yours asks you to have lunch with him, you may say something like this, “I’m afraid it’ll have to be someplace

cheap, as I have very little money.” The other person may say, “OK, I’ll meet you at McDonald’s.” This means that the two agree to go Dutch, that is, each person pays for himself. He may also say, “Oh, no. I want to take you to lunch at Smith’s,” or “I want you to try the Chinese dumplings there. They’re great.” This means the person wants to pay for both of you. If you feel friendly towards this person, you can go with him and you needn’t pay for the meal. You may just say, “Thank you. That would be very nice.”

American customs about who pays for dates are much the same as in other parts of the world. In the old days, American women wanted men to pay for all the meals. But, today, a university girl or a woman in business world will usually pay her bill during the date. If a man asks her for a dance outside the working hours, it means “Come, as my guest.” So as you can see, it is a polite thing to make the question clear at the very beginning.

27. The passage tells us _____.
A. how to eat out
B. where to eat out
C. what to eat out
D. who pays for the meal
28. “Go Dutch” in this passage means _____.
A. 去饭馆
B. 就餐
C. 订餐
D. 各自付款
29. Sometimes your friend takes you to lunch at Smith’s. It means _____.
A. he’s going to lend some money to you
B. he’s going to pay for your meal, too
C. he’ll be angry with you
D. he can’t understand you
30. In America, some girls and women _____ now.
A. ask men to pay for their meals
B. try to pay for the men’s meals
C. try to pay for their own meals
D. never have anything outside

第二节：从方框内选择适当的句子补全 31-34 题，使短文意思通顺，结构完整，并完成第 35 小题。

When you stay away from your home for a long time, you start to miss your good old bed, your good old parents... Believe it or not, you’re feeling homesick. You can help yourself to feel less homesick. Here’s how:

31 If you’re going away from home, bring your favorite pajama (睡衣).

You can also bring some pictures of the people who you may miss. You can look at them at any time you want.

32 The busier you are, the less time you’ll have to feel homesick. Spend your free time on music, sports or books. Try to join in activities wherever you are.

33 You can make a plan for when you’ll call your mom or dad. You can also keep in touch with family and friends by emails or text messages.

34 Sometimes telling someone that you’re feeling a little homesick will help you feel better. Maybe you can tell a friend that you feel homesick and the two of you can do something fun.

A. Keep yourself busy.

B. Tell someone your feelings.

C. Stay in touch.

D. Bring something familiar with you.

35. Which is the best title for the passage?

A. How to Stay Away from Home.

B. How to Do Something Fun.

C. How to Feel Less Homesick.

D. How to Miss Your Home.

三、完形填空（本题有 15 小题，每小题 1 分；共计 15 分）

阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。

A few years ago, my husband and I were on an island for a long vacation with our two daughters. As we wondered about what to do 36, our girls jumped in and told us what they wanted to do. “37 want to go to the butterfly（蝴蝶）museum.” said Ariela and Eliana.

As soon as we 38 into the main area of the museum, we saw a lot of 39 butterflies, all flapping（拍打）their colorful wings. My girls were 40 up and down, and I knew we had made the right 41 to come to the museum. They were having so much fun. I 42 to our museum tour guide because I was curious（好奇的）, and asked, “43 do butterflies live?” She said, “About ten days.” “What can butterflies do 44 ten days?” I asked. The guide stopped, looked at me and said, “They make the world a more beautiful place.” “Wow,” I said, “I 45 thought about butterflies like that. Thank you.”

After we said goodbye, I couldn't 46 thinking about what the guide had said. She was right. We all have 47 offer the world with the time we have. 48 we focus our gifts on taking care of each other every day, we can make a 49.

How thankful it is that you can have the influence on your family, friends and neighbors! Like a butterfly, you have your own way of making the world a little 50 for everyone.

36. A. now

B. next

C. least

D. once

37. A. We

B. You

C. I

D. They

38. A. drove

B. walked

C. looked

D. brought

39. A. free

B. noisy

C. beautiful

D. quiet

40. A. coming

B. moving

C. showing

D. jumping

41. A. way

B. time

C. decision

D. advice

42. A. turned

B. decided

C. spoke

D. forgot

43. A. How soon

B. How long

C. How much

D. How often

44. A. on

B. for

C. over

D. in

45. A. never

B. truly

C. ever

D. once

46. A. learn

B. try

C. care

D. stop

47. A. nothing

B. anything

C. something

D. everything

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| 48. A. When | B. Since | C. Before | D. What |
| 49. A. note | B. mind | C. lesson | D. difference |
| 50. A. better | B. faster | C. larger | D. louder |

四、语法填空（本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分；共计 10 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入一个适当的内容（1 个单词），或括号内单词的正确形式。

Come and meet my best friend, Lisa. Lisa is a beautiful girl. Many people like her because 51 her good look. So do I. As my best friend, she likes to do 52 same things as me. We 53 like singing and reading books. There are also some 54 (different) between us. I am shy and I always like to stay by myself. Lisa is much 55 outgoing than me. She is 56 (talent) in telling jokes. She often makes me 57 (laugh). She is good at sports, too. She plays sports every day to keep healthy. She thinks it is not necessary for friends 58 (be) the same. Her favorite 59 (say) is, "A true friend reaches for your hand and 60 (touch) your heart." What do you think of my best friend?

五、单词拼写（本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分；共计 10 分）

根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母，写出各单词的完全形式（每空限填一词）。

61. Exercise more to make yourself strong in m_____ and body.
62. He s_____ to be very smart and excellent, but in fact he isn't.
63. This town is known for its old b_____ and the warm weather.
64. Only one p_____ of the world's water is useful for human beings.
65. Trying p_____ makes me feel like a flying bird.
66. Look! Tim's shoes are s_____ to mine.
67. When winter came, the kids couldn't w_____ to go skating.
68. My father is so busy that he h_____ has time to play with me.
69. I get to know a lot about the world t_____ reading more.
70. She likes taking a good look at herself in the m_____ and dressing up.

六、书面表达（共计 15 分）

健康是人生的财富，学校要举办“倡导健康生活”的活动。请你根据表格提示写一篇发言稿，倡导健康的生活方式，可适当发挥。80 词左右。提示如下：

| | |
|------|---|
| 体育锻炼 | 1. 每天晚上跑步半个小时; 2. 周末和同学一起运动 3. |
| 健康饮食 | 1. 每天喝牛奶; 2. 经常吃水果和蔬菜; 3. |
| 休闲活动 | |

Hello, everyone. _____
