

At last an old soldier came by, and the young officer stopped him and said, "Do you have change for ten pence (便士)?"

"Wait a moment," the old soldier answered. He began to put his hand in his pocket, "I'll see if I can help you."

"Don't you know how to speak to an officer?" the young man said angrily. "Now let's start again. Do you have change for ten pence?"

"No, sir," the old soldier answered politely and quickly.

34. The young officer and his mother lived _____ .
A. in the same town B. in different places C. in another town D. in the other town
35. The young officer wanted to telephone his mother to tell her _____ .
A. that he was going to visit her B. where his train would leave for
C. what time his train would arrive at the station D. that he was then at the station
36. He looked around for help because he _____ .
A. couldn't find the train station
B. did not know where to make the phone call
C. needed some coins for the phone call
D. wanted to meet his friend
37. Which is the right meaning of the underlined word "change"?
A. 零钱 B. 改变 C. 机会 D. 选择

C

Fire can help people in many ways. But it can also be very harmful (有害的). Fire can heat water, warm your houses, give light and cook food. But fire can burn (燃烧) things, too. It can burn trees, houses, animals or people. Sometimes big fires can burn forests. Nobody knows for sure how people began to use fire. But there are many interesting old stories about the first time a man or a woman started a fire. One story from Australia tells about a man, very long time ago. He went up to the sun by a rope and brought fire down.

Today people know how to make a fire with matches (火柴). Children sometimes like to play with them. But matches can be very dangerous. One match can burn a piece of paper, and then it might burn a house. A small fire can become a big fire very fast.

Fire kills many people every year. So you must be careful with matches. You should also learn to put out (灭) fires. Fires need oxygen (氧气). Without oxygen they will die. Cover (覆盖) a fire with water, sand, or sometimes with your coat. This keeps the air away from a fire and kills it.

Be careful with fire, and it will help you. Be careless with fire, and it will burn you.

38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
A. We are not sure how people started to use fire.
B. It is an Australian who started a fire.
C. We know how people began to use fire.
D. Nobody knows how to make a fire.
39. If you want to put out a fire, you _____ .
A. must be careful with matches B. should know it can be harmful
C. have to cover it with water only D. should keep the air away from it
40. We must be careful with fire, or it _____ .
A. can cook food B. warms our houses
C. might burn us D. will help us
41. What's the main idea of the passage?
A. Fire can help people in many ways. B. Fire can be both helpful and harmful.
C. Fire can burn things and people. D. We must be careful with matches.

D

<p><i>The 2014 FIFA World Cup</i>, the twentieth World Cup football match, will be held in Brazil from June 12th, 2014 to July 13th, 2014. Thirty-two teams from different countries will bring us sixty-four wonderful games during the World Cup. This is the second time the World Cup is held in this country and the fifth in South America. Thousands of football fans are looking forward to watching the games.</p>	
<p><i>A Bite of China</i> (舌尖上的中国), a mouth-watering documentary TV program featuring delicious Chinese food, has interested a large number of people. The program has become very popular since it was shown on TV. The documentary provides not only Chinese delicious food but also the relations between people and food. "We made this documentary with our respect and love for food. I hope it will help people learn more about Chinese food as well as Chinese culture," said the director Mr. Chen.</p>	
<p>Lu Jialei, a school girl from Hangzhou, China, won the championship of the first <i>Chinese Character Dictation Contest</i>, which made her become famous overnight. Lu is a hard-working girl and always comes top at school. "I like reading and I'm crazy about learning Chinese characters. I enjoy the contest and hope more and more people become interested in learning Chinese characters," said Lu Jialei after winning the contest.</p>	

42. How long will the 2014 FIFA World Cup last?
 A. About a week. B. About two weeks.
 C. About a month. D. About two months.
43. What kind of TV program is *A Bite of China*?
 A. A comedy. B. A documentary. C. A thriller. D. An action movie.
44. Which is NOT true according to the articles?
 A. Lu Jialei always gets good grades at school.
 B. The World Cup has been held in South America twice.
 C. Many people like watching the TV program *A Bite of China*.
 D. Lu Jialei hopes more people can take much interest in Chinese characters.
45. Where may the articles probably come from?
 A. A story book. B. A science report. C. A sports magazine. D. The Internet.

四、词汇运用 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

- A. 用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空。每词限用一次。

mistake	visit	quick	forget	be famous for
---------	-------	-------	--------	---------------

46. News travels more _____ than before because of the internet.
 47. It was natural that he made some _____ in the difficult exam.
 48. The city _____ its old buildings.
 49. I advised Mary _____ my home town in autumn.
 50. I caught a cold because I _____ to close the window last night.
- B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示, 在空白处写出单词的正确形式, 每空限填一词。

Jeremy Lin, a basketball player for the New York Knicks, was only a bench (板凳) warmer in the USA. On February 4th, 2012. Knicks' 51 (教练), Mike D'Antoni, put Jeremy Lin into the game 52 (对) the New Jersey Nets. Lin got 25 53 (分数) in 36 minutes. The Knicks won

the game. From then on, Lin became an important player in the 54 (团队). Before Jeremy Lin showed himself to the world, he had sat on the bench for 21 games. When he got the 55 (机会), he did his best to do that. In fact, Lin is also good at studying. He graduated (毕业) from Harvard University.

Now he is a very popular player in NBA. He still 56 (训练) hard. Lin was born and grew up in the USA. Both his parents were born and grew up in China and moved to the USA in the 1970s. A lot of people get 57 (兴奋的) about watching his basketball games and 58 (为...加油) him on 59 (大声地). Jeremy Lin shows the world that a great basketball player can be smart, friendly, and at the same time 60 (优秀的).

五、语法填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的词, 或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Dear Nancy,

Thanks for your letter. I'm happy 61 (hear) that you're getting on well with your study in Australia. You 62 (leave) your home town five years ago, so you must want to know something about life here. Things in Jinhua 63 (be) not the same 64 before. Now almost every family has 65 computer. We often communicate (交流) with each other by email. There are many tall buildings in 66 (city) and also in the countryside. The roads are much 67 (wide) and cleaner. But the population here gets larger 68 larger. We often climb the mountains on weekends and have great fun. You can write 69 me. We can write to each other 70 (much) often.

Your friend,
Jimmy

六、任务型阅读 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

阅读下面短文, 回答问题。每题答案不得超过 5 个词。

为了给学生增加心理交流的渠道, 学校开设了心理辅导室, 并推出晚间专项心理咨询活动。阅读该活动海报, 请为以下 4 位同学向心理咨询师预定合适的咨询时间, 并完成第 75 小题。

Heart-to-Heart Talk
Do you have any problems? Come and talk with us!
Opening hours: 17:00 o'clock---18:00 o'clock

Time	Themes
Monday	Problems with studies
Tuesday	Problems with families
Wednesday	Problems with friends
Thursday	Problems with teachers
Friday	Problems with self-image

(Tel: 88657637)

Students	Problems	Appointment Time
Jerry	I'm angry with my friend Marcus. He lied to me last week.	<u>71</u>
Paula	My teacher Ms. Dervish never praises me. I don't think she likes me.	<u>72</u>
Alfred	I think I'm fatter than any other boy in my class. I'm worried.	<u>73</u>

Candy	I like Chinese and I work hard at it. But my Chinese is still not good enough. I'm confused.	74
-------	--	----

75. In which part of a magazine can you most probably read this passage?
 A. News. B. Review. C. Fashion. D. Health.

七、书面表达（共 1 小题，满分 20 分）

听力是英语测试的重要部分之一。根据下面的提示，以“Guide on Listening”为题写一则 80 词左右的听力指南。文章开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

1. 听前注意放松；阅读问题，这些问题可以帮你理解对话或者文章。
2. 听中仔细听第一个句子，它通常告诉你文章的大意；
3. 在听的过程中，尽量做笔记；
4. 在听的过程中，不要在一两个你不懂的词汇上花费太多时间。

参考词汇：对话 dialogue 文章 passage 大意 main idea 记笔记 take notes

Guide on Listening

Listening test is one of the important parts of the English exam. Here are some tips for you. _____
